

# Gain-of-function studies of influenza viruses

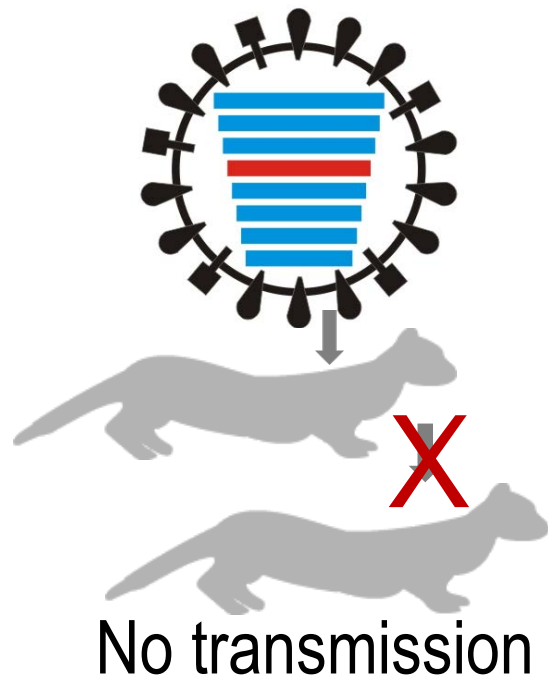
University of Wisconsin-Madison  
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# My background

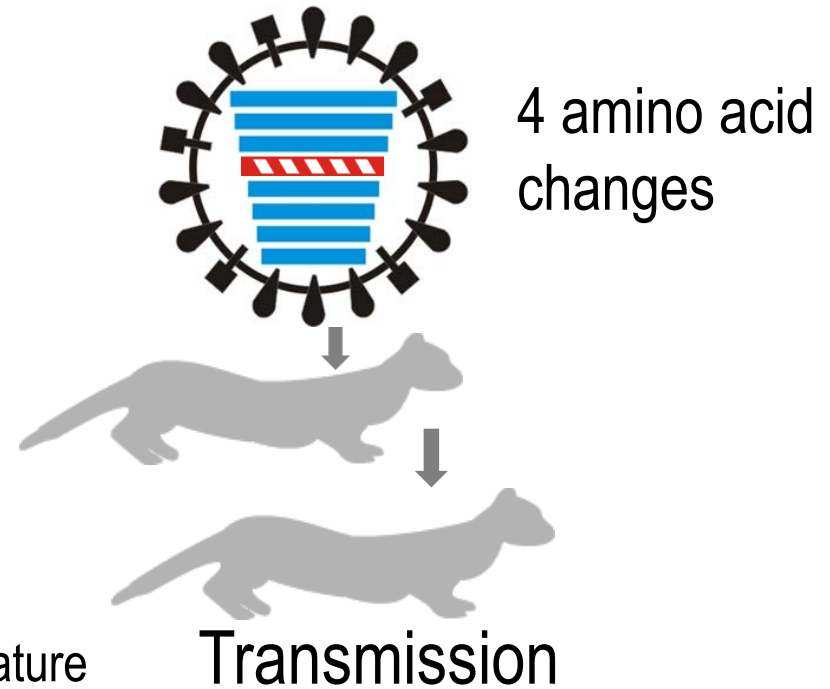
- Identified molecular signatures in highly pathogenic avian influenza viruses now used by the USDA and OIE to guide policy decisions when avian influenza outbreaks occur.
- Established reverse genetics technology for influenza viruses, which has been used to generate live attenuated and H5N1 inactivated vaccine viruses.

The goal of my research is to improve global health.

# Ferret droplet transmission studies of H5N1 influenza viruses



Imai et al., 2012, Nature



- We demonstrated H5N1 viruses can acquire the ability to transmit via respiratory droplets in mammals.
- This information contributes to the risk assessment of emerging viruses and pandemic vaccine policy decisions.

- Since H5N1 viruses are select agents, experiments with these viruses were already highly regulated before we initiated the transmission studies.
- The H5N1 transmission studies were peer-reviewed and conducted with Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC) approval by experienced scientists under appropriate containment.

# Biosafety/Biosecurity

## BSL3

- Controlled access through double doors
- Decontamination of all waste
- Protective laboratory clothing
- Negative airflow into laboratory and exhaust air not recirculated

## BSL3-Agriculture:

- Entry/exit through a shower/change room
- Double-door autoclaves
- Double HEPA-filtered supply and exhaust air
- Gas decontamination ports
- Air tight dampers on all ductwork & double-gasketed watertight & airtight seals
- Effluent decontamination
- Pressure decay testing of the structure
- Use of disposable coveralls and powered air-purifying respirators

**BSL3-Agriculture : ferret transmission studies**

## BSL4



BSL3-Ag

**BSL3-Agriculture:**

- Staff wear disposable coveralls and powered air-purifying respirators



BSL4

**BSL4:**

- Full-body, air-supplied positive-pressure personnel suit
- Exit through chemical shower

# Redundancies and back-ups

Extensive redundancies are in place. For example:

- Two air handlers
- Two compressors
- Two filters everywhere filters are needed
- Two effluent sterilization tanks
- Two power feeds to the building

Back-up resources:

- Emergency generator in case of a power failure
- Two-way communication system in case of telephone failure

# Biosafety/Biosecurity

## Facility

- My research group is housed in a dedicated stand-alone structure  
- no other groups are present in our building.
- Security measures include monitoring inside and outside the building and securing agents behind two physical barriers.
- Campus police patrol the area.
- Only approved staff can enter the facility.



# Biosafety/Biosecurity

## Staff

- All staff in the facility have received clearance from the FBI.
- All BSL3-approved personnel undergo extensive training.

## Pathogens

- Controlled by the CDC and USDA
- Virus inventory is checked monthly.
- Transfer/shipment is controlled (DoC, CDC, IATA)

# Administrative Oversight

- All experiments are approved by the IBC.
- The UW-Madison Biosecurity Task Force, which comprises experts in biosafety, facilities, compliance, security, law, communications, and health, reviews the research program.
- The CDC and USDA inspect us; approval granted every 3 years; in reality, site visit every year including **unannounced** visits.

# New regulations – after moratorium on H5N1 transmission studies

March 29, 2012

United States Government Policy for **Oversight** of Life Sciences **Dual Use Research of Concern**

February 21, 2013

**NIH Guidelines** for Research Involving Recombinant or Synthetic Nucleic Acid Molecules amendments  
- additional enhancements for research on mammalian-transmissible H5N1 viruses

February 21, 2013

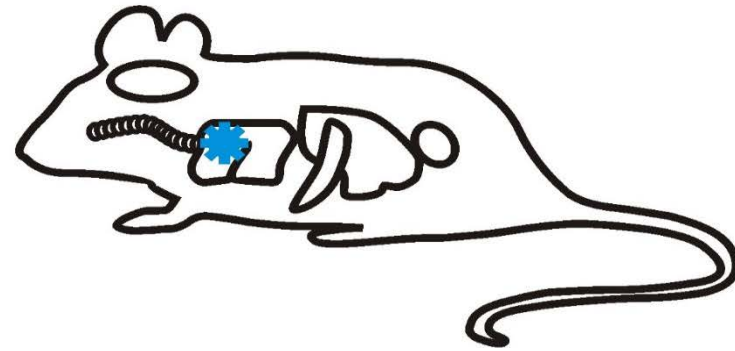
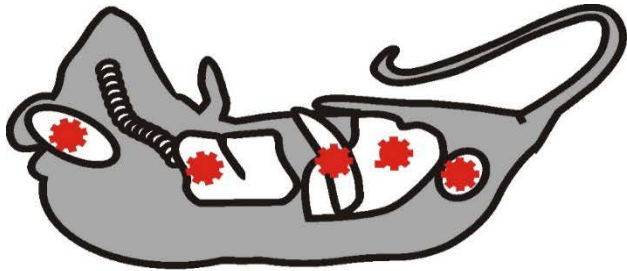
**Framework** for Guiding **Funding Decisions** about Research Proposals with the Potential for Generating Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza **H5N1 Viruses** that are **Transmissible** among Mammals by Respiratory Droplets

September 24, 2014 (Effective date: September 24, 2015)

United States Government **Policy** for **Institutional Oversight** of Life Sciences **Dual Use Research of Concern**

H5N1 transmission studies are highly regulated.

# Why do we need to work on highly pathogenic H5N1 viruses?



Highly pathogenic avian influenza viruses differ from other influenza viruses in that the former viruses:

- Replicate substantially faster than other viruses
- Can grow in organs other than respiratory tissues

➔ The results obtained with low pathogenic viruses may not apply to highly pathogenic influenza viruses and can be misleading

The consequences of halting  
gain-of-function experiments

## Current status of H5N1 transmission studies:

HHS approved H5N1 transmission experiments to:

- Characterize hemagglutinin (HA) stability mutations
- Evaluate specific mutations in other H5N1 viruses
- Determine the contributions of viral genes other than HA

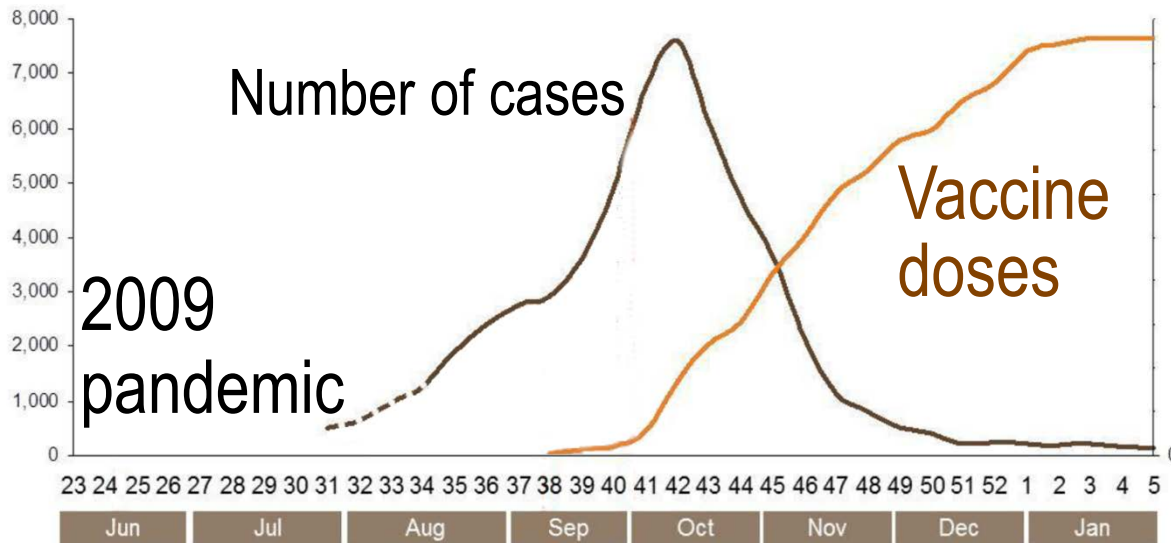
These additional studies are key to understanding the transmission of H5N1 viruses, but have been voluntarily paused.

# A gain of function experiment:

Generation of a virus that grows well in cells and eggs for vaccine production

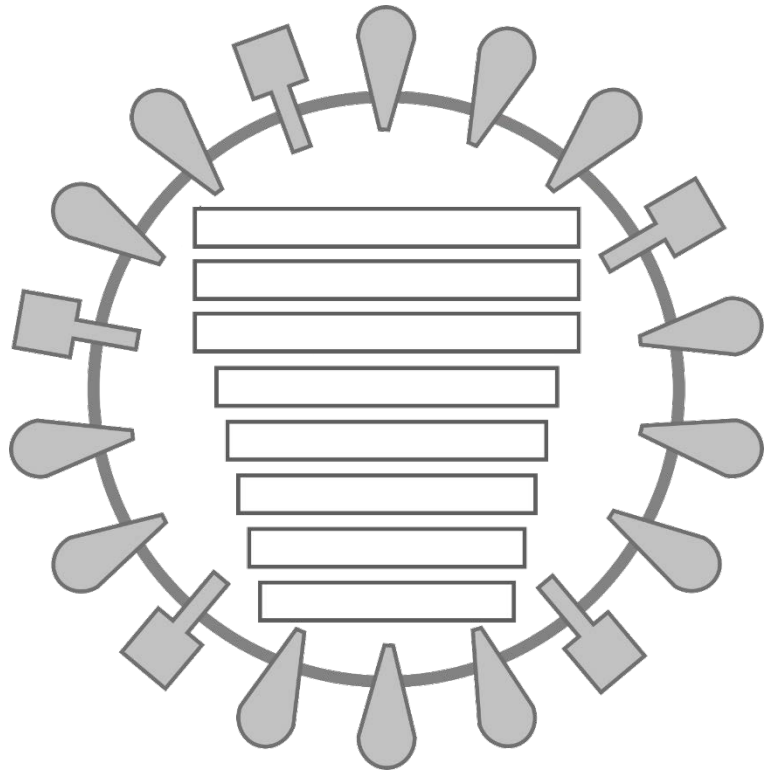
Due to poor growth of vaccine strains,

we occasionally suffer from a lack of sufficient doses of vaccine (e.g., 2009 pandemic).

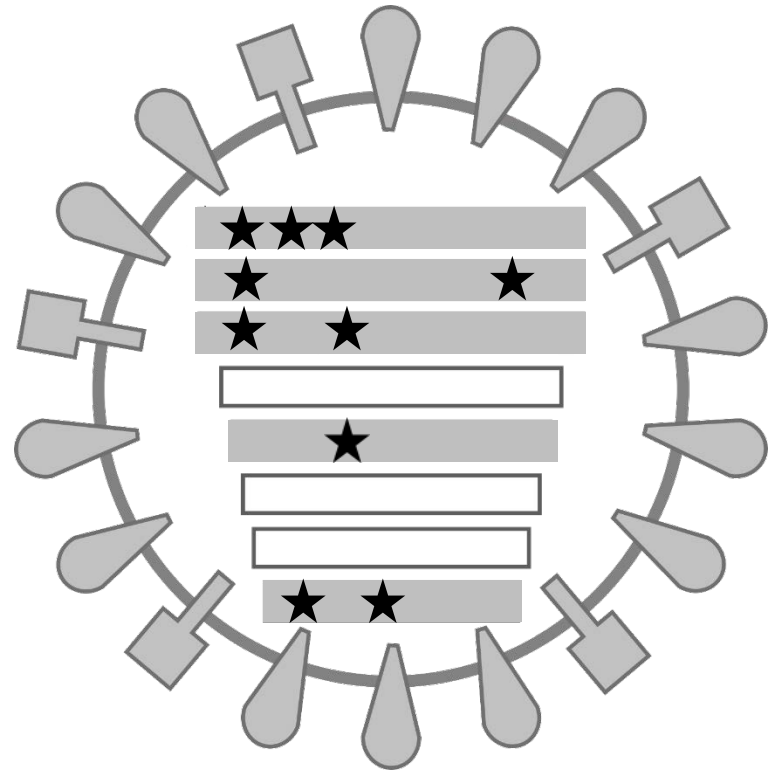




# Generation of a high yield virus

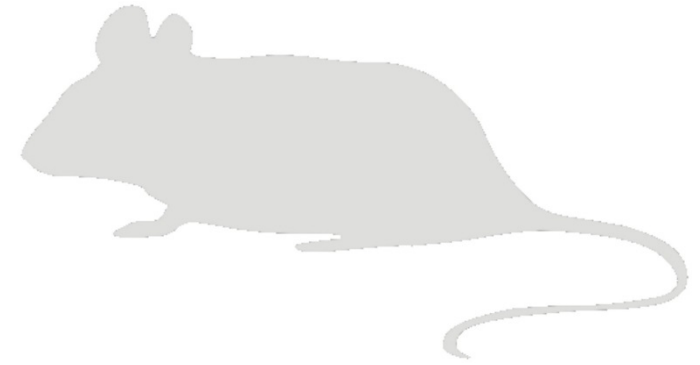
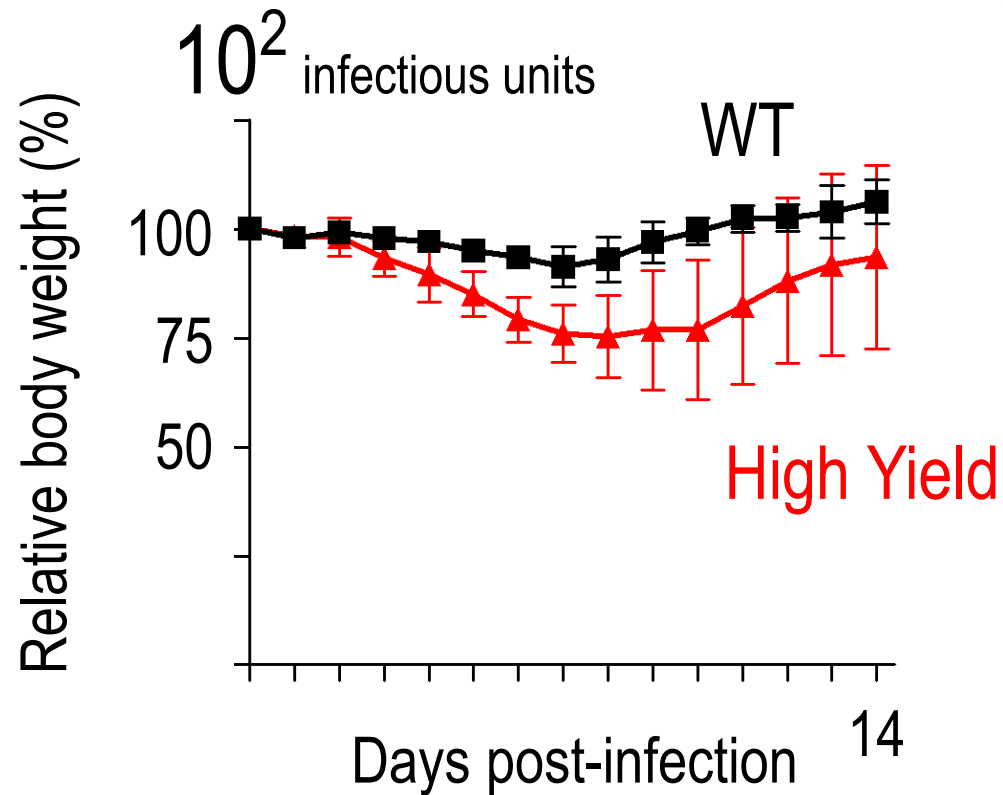


Wild type



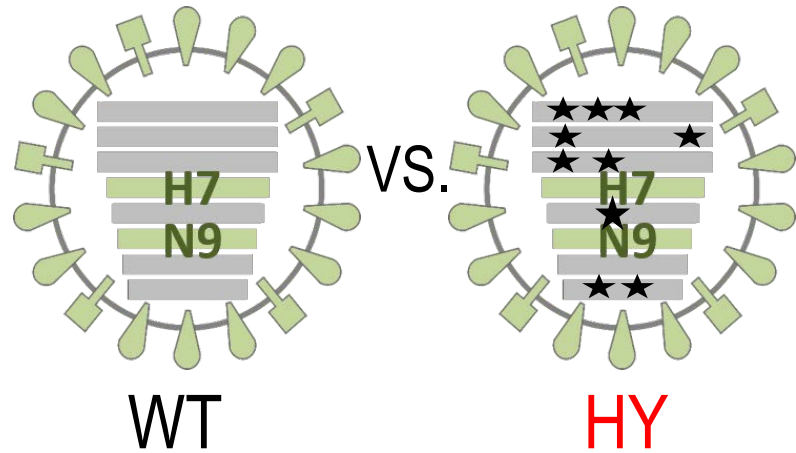
High Yield

# Pathogenicity in mice



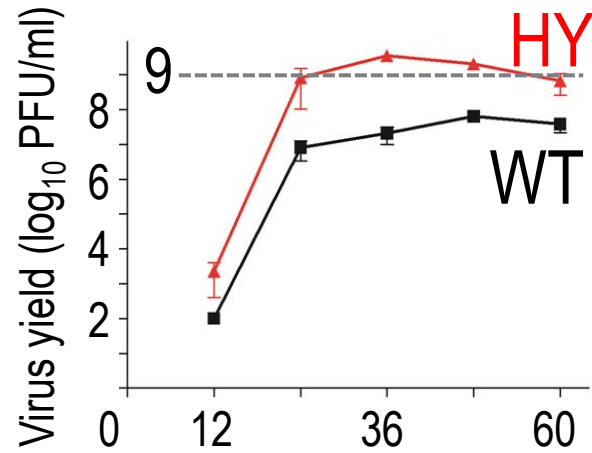
The high-yield virus is slightly more pathogenic than the wild-type virus in mice.

# High-yield virus with HA & NA from A/Anhui/1/2013 (H7N9)

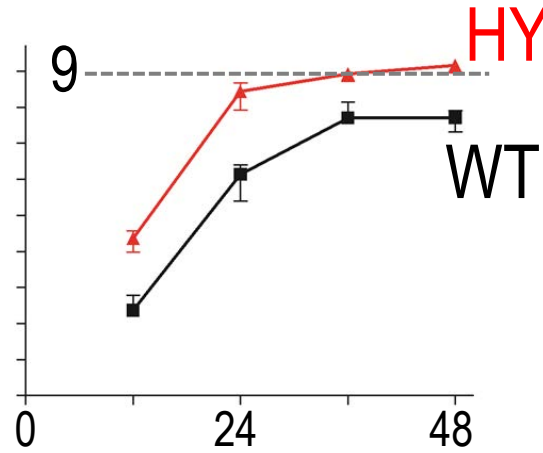


- The high-yield virus replicates >10 fold better than the wild-type virus.
- These viruses will be used as inactivated vaccines – mouse pathogenicity is irrelevant.
- Yet, due to the US government's announcement, this study has been voluntarily paused.

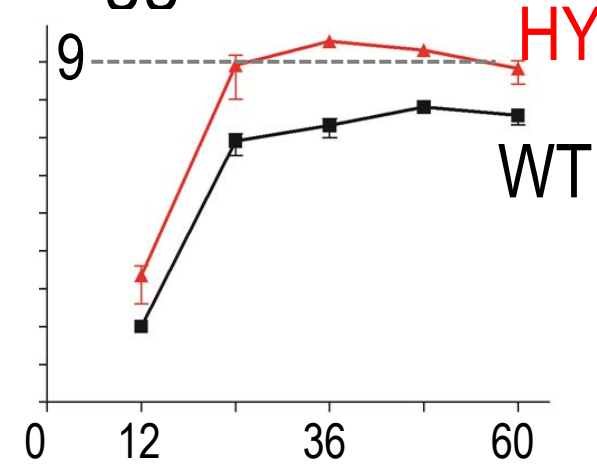
## VERO cells



## MDCK cells



## Eggs



Hours post-infection

# Conclusions

- H5N1 transmission studies are already highly regulated.
- Influenza gain-of-function studies are critical to public health and scientific progress.